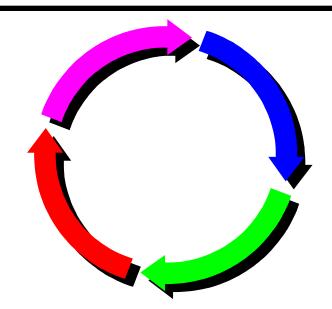
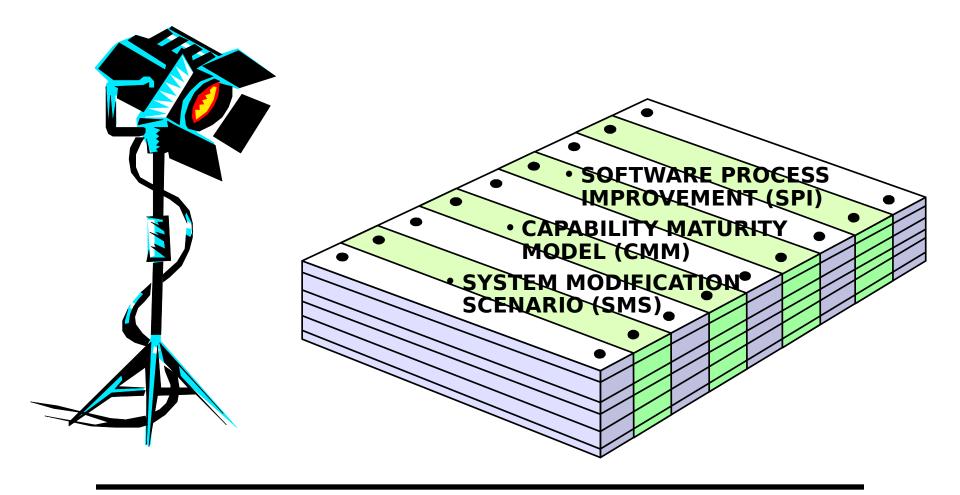
SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT (SCM)



Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS)
Financial Systems Activity (FSA)
Indianapolis, IN
Sofware Quality Assurance



SECTION 1



Software Process Improvement (SPI) Review

SPI IS

- PROCESS TO IMPROVE SOFTWARE
- DEVELOPED BY SEI
- IDENTIFIES STEPS PRODUCT MUST GO THROUGH
- APPLICABLE THROUGHOUT SOFTWARE LIFE CYCLE

SEI

Capability Maturity Model (CMM)



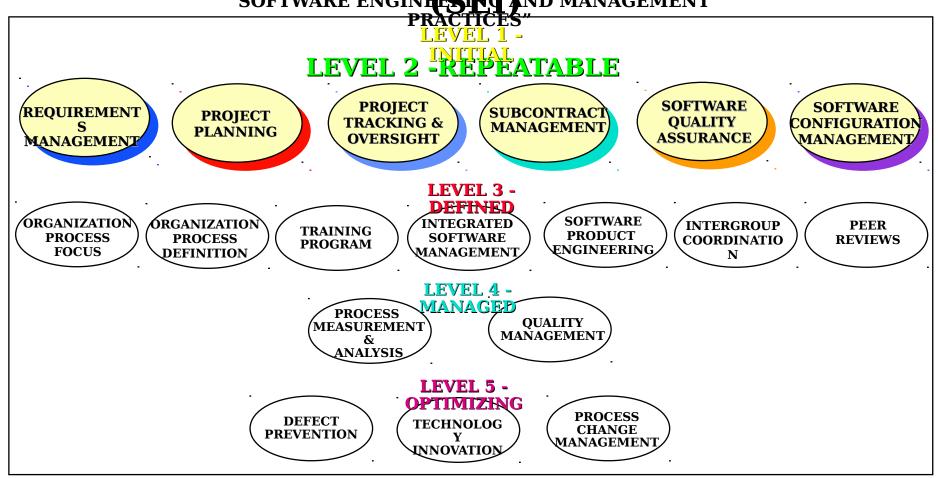
The CMM - FRAMEWORK FOR SOFTWARE IMPROVEMENT PROCEDURES

Identifies

- Maturity Levels
- Key Process Areas
- Key Elements

KEY PROCESS AREAS (KPAs) As Defined by SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE

"SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT



System Modification Scenario



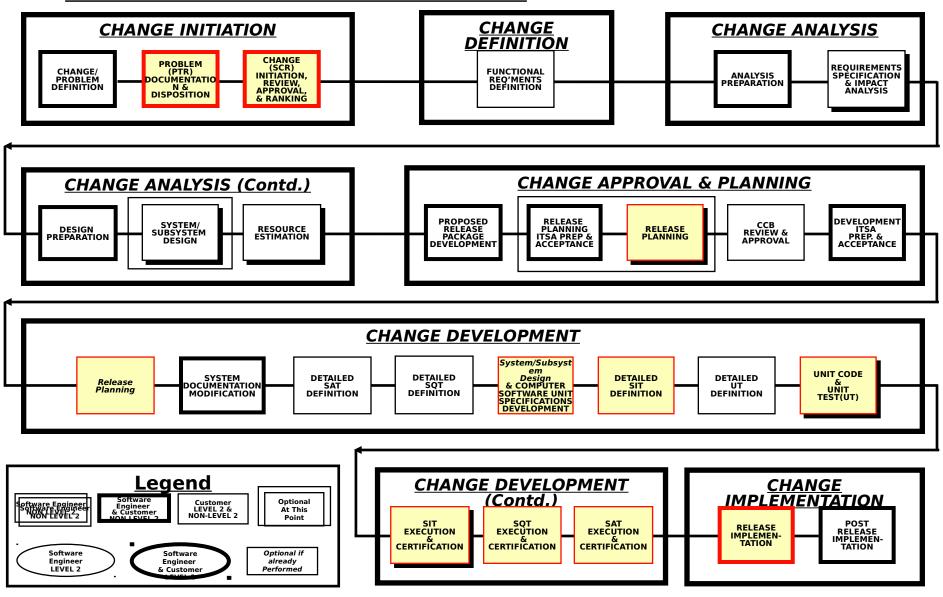
The SMS is:

A part of the Software Process Architecture, that provides process definition, description and documentation of how work is accomplished during routine system modification and/or enhancement.

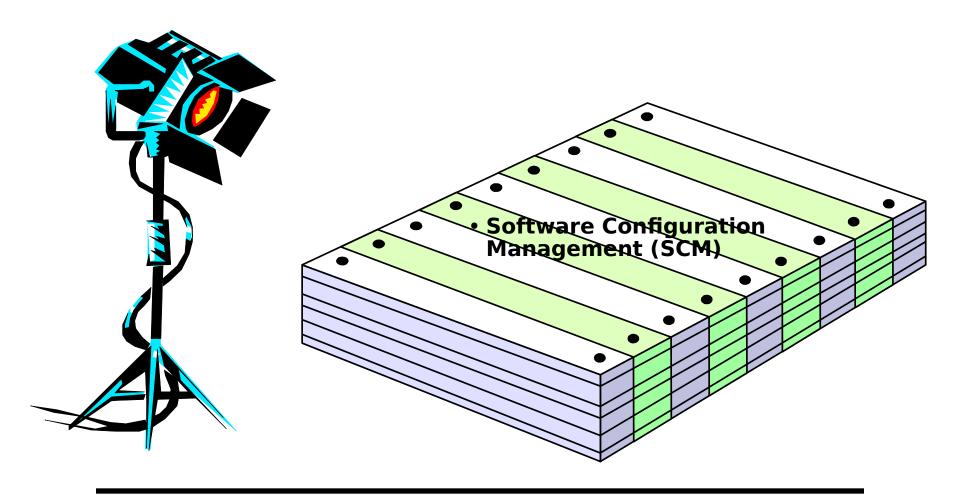
03/12/97

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES



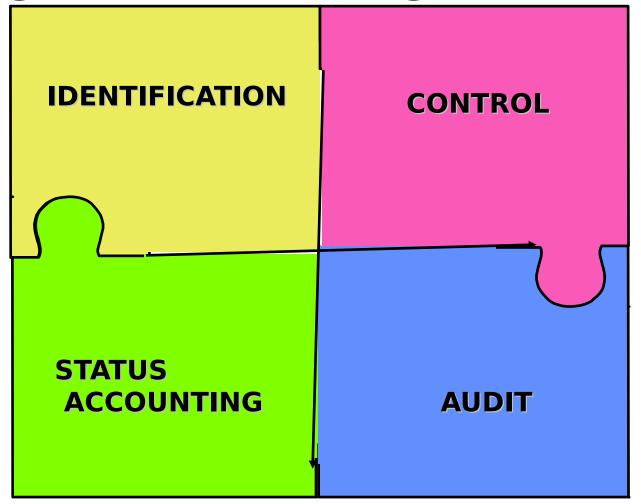
SECTION 2



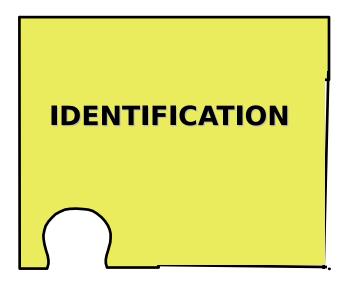
Software Configuration Management

Purpose: To establish and maintain the integrity or software products through the project's life cycle.
-CMM

What are the major functions of Configuration Management (CM)?



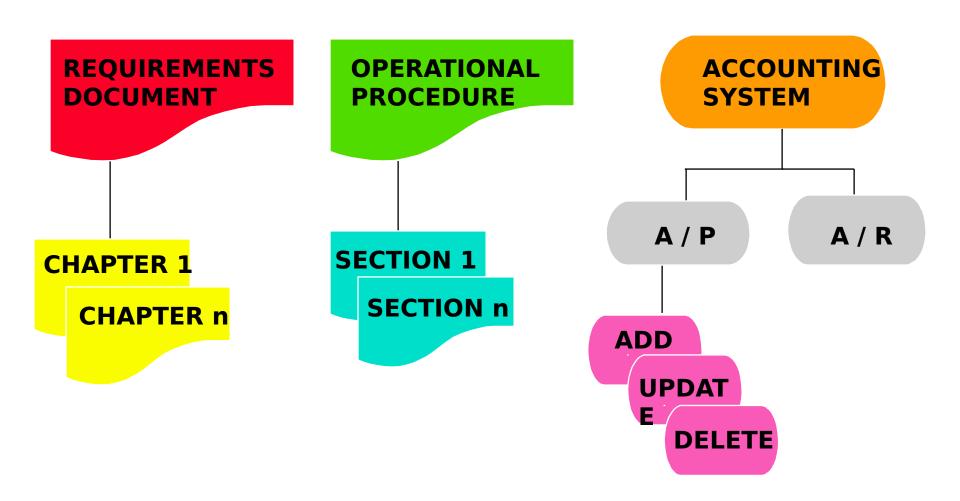
Configuration Identification



The first function of CM:

- Identify Configuration Items (CIs) for an AIS
- Document Functional and Physical Characteristics

Configuration Items (CI)



Configuration Control

Second Function of Configuration Management



- Configuration Control consists of:
 - Change Evaluation
 - Change Coordination
 - Change Approval or disapproval
 - Change Implementation

Configuration Status Accounting

Third Function of Configuration Management

- Tracks SCR Status to include:
 - Proposed changes (Formal SCRs)
 - Waivers and deviations to configuration (Emergency SCRs)
 - Implementation of approved nges

STATUS ACCOUNTING

Configuration Status Accounting

- Status recording should be built into the change control process and used to generate status accounting reports
- Procedures and frequency of status reporting shall be documented in SCM Plan
- Configuration Status Accounting Reports (CSAR) are useful to management, reviewers and auditors

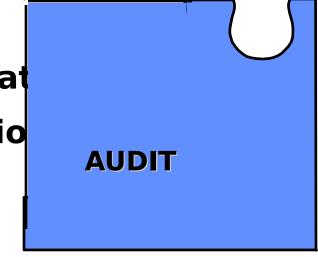
Configuration Status Accounting • DFAS 8000.1-R Requires Status Accounting of:

- Systems Change Requests and Functional Descriptions
- Delegations of authority
- CCB Minutes
- Records of releases (schedule and content)
- A matrix of commitments
- ITSAs
- MIPR
- These records must be retained in controlled repository

Configuration Audit

Fourth Function of Configuration Management

- Verifies SCR
- Verifies each CI conforms to required specifications
- Types of Audit
 - Configuration
 - » Functional Configura
 - » Physical Configuratio
 - Internal



SCM Audits & Reviews

- PCA (PHYSICAL CONFIGURATION AUDIT)
 - COMPARE PHYSICAL COMPONENTS TO MAKE SURE THAT THEY REFLECT EACH OTHER
 - » REQUIREMENTS VS DESIGN
 - » DESIGN VS CODE...
- FCA (FUNCTION CONFIGURATION AUDIT)
 - CODE
 - TESTING (EXPECTED VS ACTUAL RESULTS)
- INTERNAL AUDITS

CMM Goal 1

Software configuration management activities are planned.

CMM SCM Activities to Support Goal 1

- Prepare a SCM Plan.
- Use the SCM Plan.

CMM Goal 2

Selected work products are identified, controlled, available.

CMM SCM Activities to Support Goal 2

- Use the SCM plan.
- Establish the CM library system.
- Identify the work products to be placed under CM.
- Create and release products from the CM library.

CMM Goal 3

Changes to identified work products are controlled.

CMM SCM Activities to Support Goal 3

- Initiate, record, review, approve and track SCRs, PTRs.
- Control changes to baselines.

CMM Goal 4

Affected groups and individuals are informed of baseline status and content.

CMM SCM Activities to Support Goal 4

- Record status of Cls.
- Create standard reports and provide to affected groups and individuals.
- Conduct baseline audits.

CMM SCM Commitment to Perform

Project follows a written organizational policy for SCM.

CMM SCM Ability to Perform

- SCCB manages software baselines.
- SCM group coordinates and implements SCM.
- Organization provides adequate resources and funding.
- SCM group is trained.
- SEG and other related groups are trained.

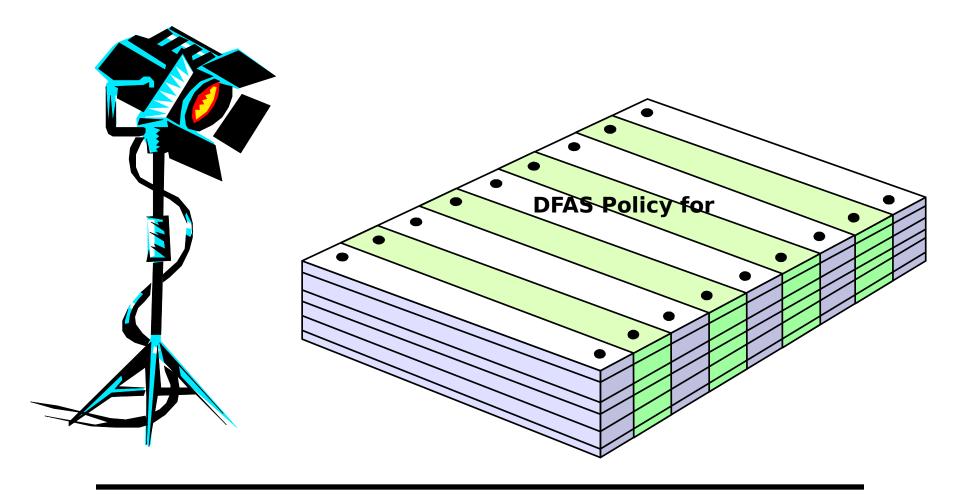
CMM SCM Measurement and Analysis

 Measure and use results to determine the status of the SCM activities.

CMM SCM Verifying Implementation

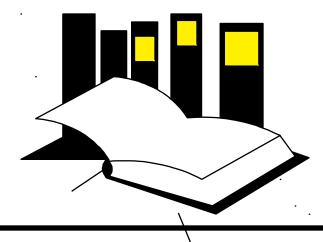
- SCM reviews activities with Senior Management on a periodic basis.
- SCM reviews activities with PM on periodic and event-driven bases.
- SCM audits baselines periodically.
- SQA group reviews/audits SCM products and activities, reports the results.

SECTION 3



DFAS Regulation 8000.1-R

- DFAS Configuration Management Policy Provides:
 - Configuration Management for System Change Requests
 - Roles of Configuration Control Boards



Configuration Management Policy

Purpose:

Used to establish and maintain the integrity of the work products of an Automated Information System throughout the AIS software life cycle...

... Configuration Management Policy

Includes:

- Background
- Description
- Objectives
- Responsibilities



...Configuration Management Policy

Background:

A need arose for a policy describing the FSO Software Configuration Management program that would apply to all DFAS Financial Systems Activities.



Description:

Each FSA is to implement a CM program to control all Cis, which shall address both operational and developmental configurations and support environments.

Objectives:

- 1. Identify (CM):
 - Group and Organizational Relationships
 - Responsibilities/Authority of Managers
 - Plan that Addresses all Technical Data Requirements
 - Required Directives with Appropriate Compliance Detailed
 - Other Support Tools
- 2. Use CMIS (or other approved tool)
- 3. Manage Problems

Responsibilities:

- FSO Directors:
 - Establish and Publish a CM Policy
 - Provide Funding Necessary
 - Provide Standard CM Support and Staffing



Responsibilities:

- FSA Directors:
 - Establish Full-Time CM Element
 - Ensure CM Element is Adequately Staffed
 - Ensure All Efforts in CM Are Managed



...Configuration Management Policy Release Management Distribution

Integral part of Configuration Management

 States purpose, description, policy, and methods used to manage releases



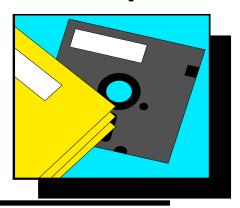
WHAT IS A RELEASE?

A group of SCRs which are:

- Scheduled for production implementation
- Approved and funded
- Developed and tested

Release Management Distribution Under Configuration Management

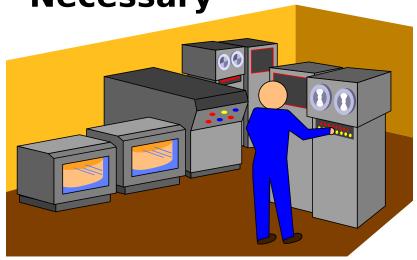
- Internal to CM Own Policy
- Release via Electronic Transmission
- Maximum 4 Releases a Year
- Require Minimum Operator Intervention with Detailed User Documentation
- Released by Responsible Release Control Group
- Appropriate User Notification
- No Source Code
- Check for Computer Viruses

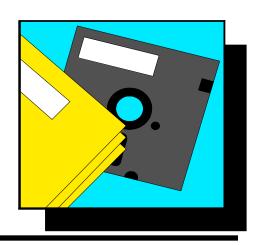


...Release Management Distribution Policy

Methods of Release:

- Mainframe/Miniprocessors
- Micro Processors
- Floppy Disk if Absolutely Necessary





Review



· MANAGEMENT GANIZATION

- Reviews, Approves, Disapproves
 Changes
- Controls Routing Procedures and Reasons
- Facilitates Liaison Between AIS and CM
- CM USERS

(Functional/Technical/Testers)

- Input Problems and Changes
- Perform Analysis and Impacting on Problems/Changes

SCM ORGANIZATION CONT.

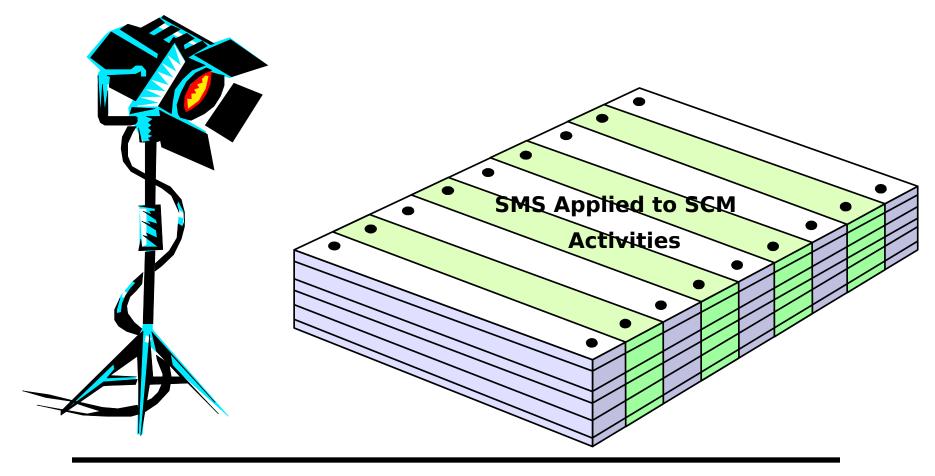
HIGHER AUTHORITY

 Makes Decisions on Changes that Exceed Threshold Dollar Amounts

CCB

- Authorizes Software Baselines
- Authorizes Identification of CIs
- Defines New Releases
- Populates Releases
- Reviews Contents of Releases
- Makes Go/No Go Decisions

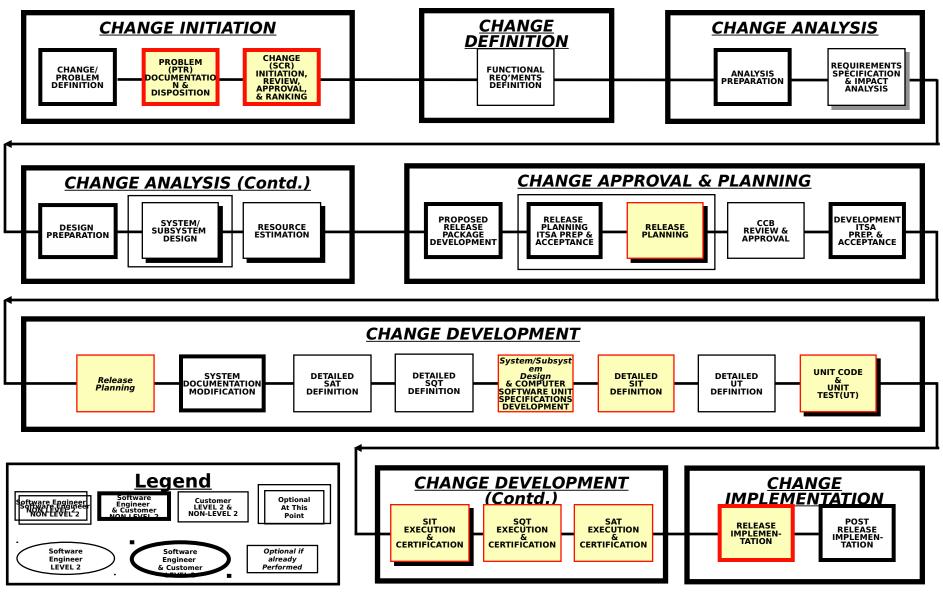
SECTION 4



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SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES



SCM Plan

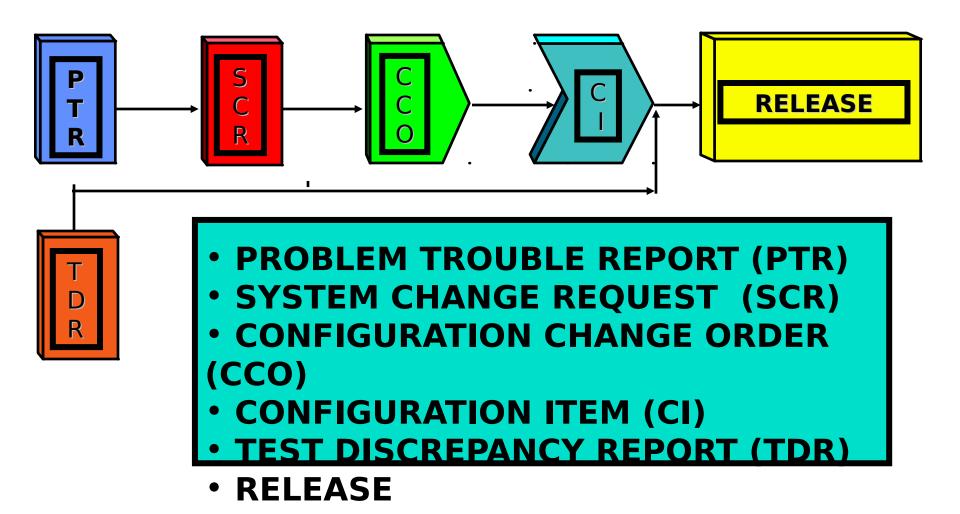
Defines:

- What SCM activities are to be accomplished
- How SCM activities are to be accomplished
- Who is responsible for performing SCM activities
- When SCM activities are to be accomplished
- What resources are required to accomplish SCM activities
- When the SCM Plan shall be reviewed, updated and approved

SCM Plan

- Document shall be:
 - Developed by the SCM Group
 - Based on DFAS and FSA CM Policies
 - Available to all project personnel involved with the SCM activities (i.e., virtually all project personnel)
 - Reviewed, updated and approved periodically (e.g., during the early stages of each new release)
 - Controlled as a Configuration Ite

CM Terminology



Problem Trouble Report



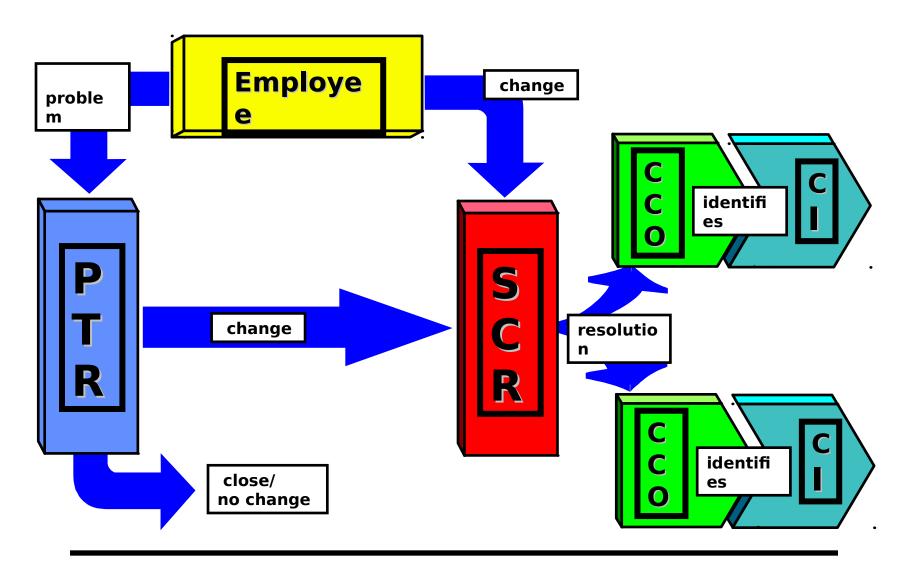
- Description of a Detected Problem with:
 - AIS Design
 - AIS Software
 - AIS Documentation
 - Management Process (i.e., the SMS)
- Becomes SCR if PTR impacts CI(s)
- Closed if no impact on CI(s)

System Change Request



- Formalizes change request
- Identifies affected AIS
- Defines the change requirements
- Provides the associated Software Change Specification (SCS).
- Impacts Configuration Items (CI)
 - One CI or Many CIs
 - Requires a CCO

PTR / SCR Process Overview



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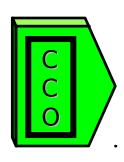
TEST DISCREPANCY REPORT (TDR)



 SIGNIFIES SOME PORTION OF TEST FAILED

 ABLE TO CREATE CCOs TO IDENTIFY IMPACTED CIS

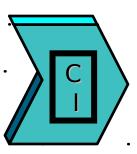
Configuration Change Order



• Identifies:

- Configuration Item (CI) impacted
 - a CCO addresses only one CI
- Responsibile software engineer
- Estimated size of change
- Estimated effort to implement change
- Actual effort expended
- Synopsis of change

Configuration Item



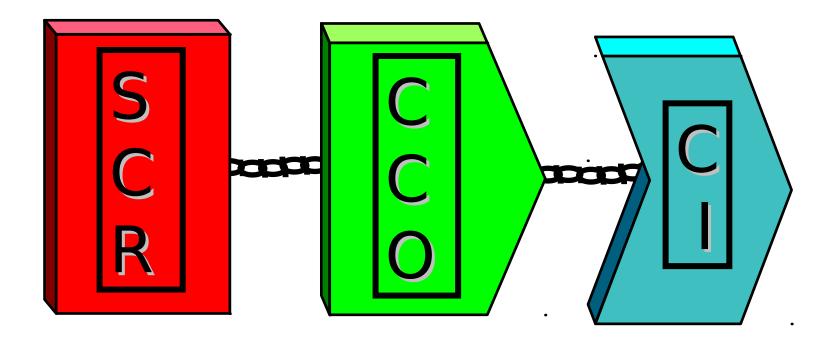
- Is a separate single item of the AIS
- Is controlled
- Examples:
 - Functional Descriptions, Software Code, Test Entities, Standard Operating Procedures, Training Manuals, Etc..

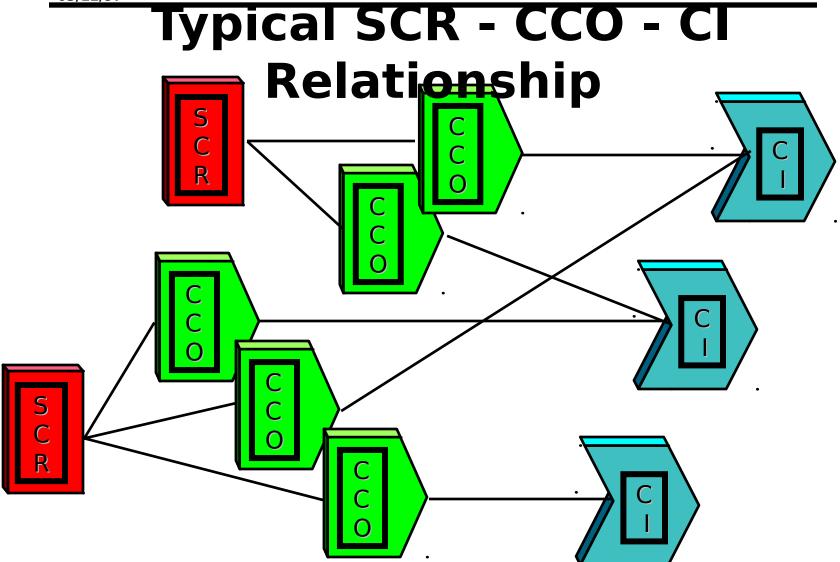
Release



- A collection of selected SCRs
 - For one AIS
 - Approved
 - Funded for implementation
 - Containing associated CI changes
- Once release occurs, it becomes the official version of an AIS.

SCR - CCO - CI Relationship





Each SCR may affect multiple CIs which must be controlled by separate CCOs.

Software Baseline Library

- The <u>Software Baseline Library</u> is a controlled environment where the CIs and SCM records pertaining to the CI are stored and must have:
 - established controls to prevent unauthorized changes,
 - flexible service provided to programmers/testers,
 - development/testing applied to trial versions of CIs

LIBRARY BASELINE CONTROL

- NEED CONTROL & FLEXIBLE SERVICE
- NO REQUEST NO CHANGE
- LOCKING CAPABILITY
- ALL CHANGES TESTED
- REGRESSION TESTING REQUIRED

SOFTWARE BASELINES

- REQUIREMENTS
- SPECIFICATION
- DESIGN
- UNIT
- INTEGRATION
- OPERATIONAL

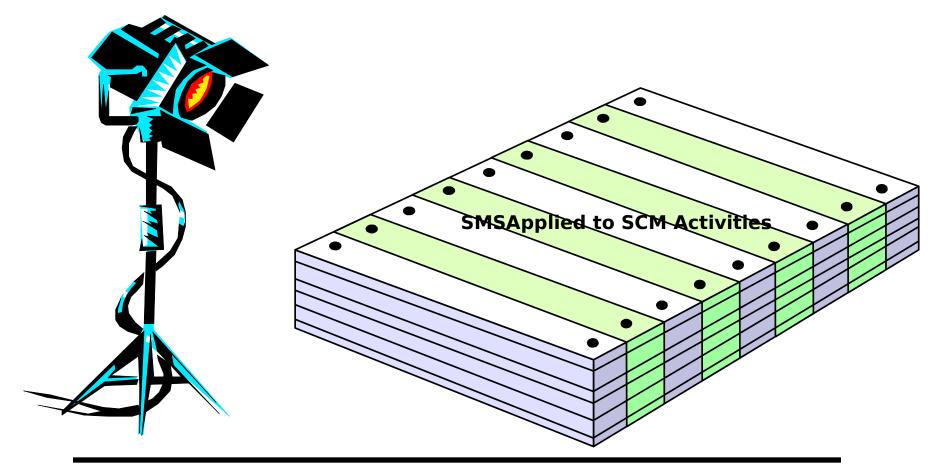
Effective SCM Benefits

- Changes to Configuration Items are:
 - properly documented and approved
 - based on agreed upon requirements
 - traced through design and development
 - fully integrated and tested
 - implemented into a quality release
 - well orchestrated throughout system's life cycle
- Status is easily determined at any time
- Facilitates correction action, if required

Review



SECTION 4



Configuration Management's First Role in the SMS

CHANGE INITIATION PHASE

Purpose: Define, record and track the initial actions to begin the cycle of change to an AIS by defining the problem or change and creating a Problem Trouble Report (PTR) or a System Change Request (SCR).

Subphases:

- Problem (PTR) Documentation & Disposition
- Change (SCR) Initiation, Review, Approval, & Ranking

Configuration Management's Second Role in the SMS

CHANGE APPROVAL AND PLANNING PHASE

Purpose: Establish a release package plan.

Subphases:

Release Planning

Configuration Management's Third Role in the SMS

CHANGE DEVELOPMENT PHASE

Purpose: Modify the system design, software, documentation, test scripts and test data to fulfill System Change Request (SCR) requirements.

Subphases:

- Release Planning
- System/Subsystem Design & CSU Specifications Development
- Unit Coding & Unit Testing Tracking and Oversight
- Software Integration Test (SIT) Execution and Certification
- Software Qualification Test (SQT) Execution and

Certification

Software Acceptance Test (SAT) Execution and Slide 7

Configuration Management's Final Role in the SMS

CHANGE IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

Purpose: Immediately before release provide all users with the necessary documentation and training required to use the new release.

Perform a review after implementation to verify accuracy and completeness of the release.

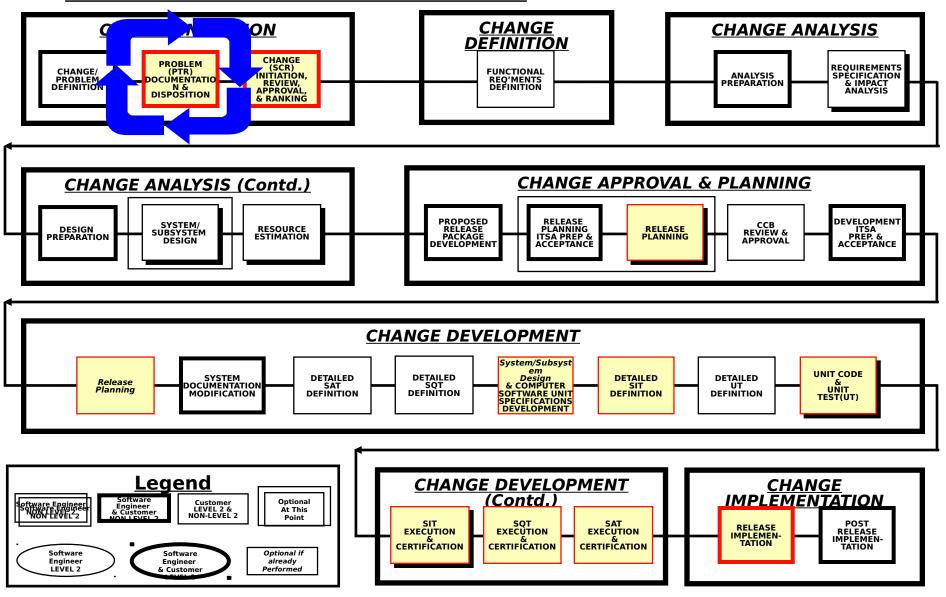
Subphases:

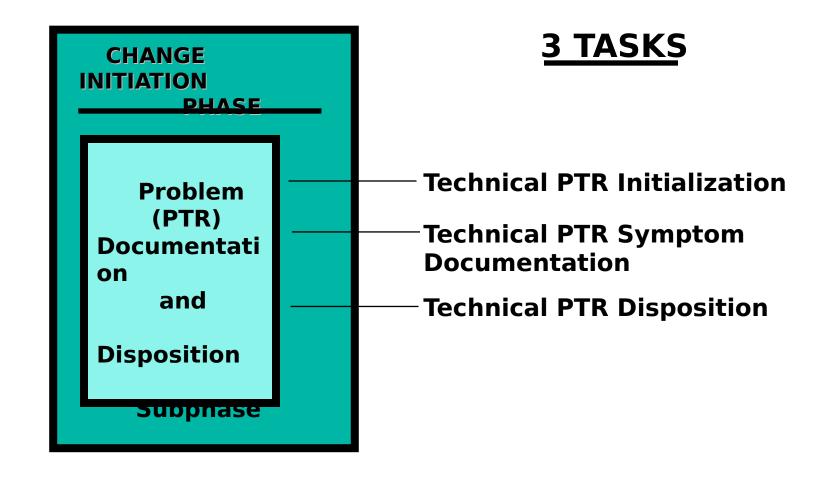
Release Implementation

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SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference(s) or Standard

(s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap.9

Input (s):

1.2.2

Technical PTR Initialization Task

Categorized Change/Problem Requirement

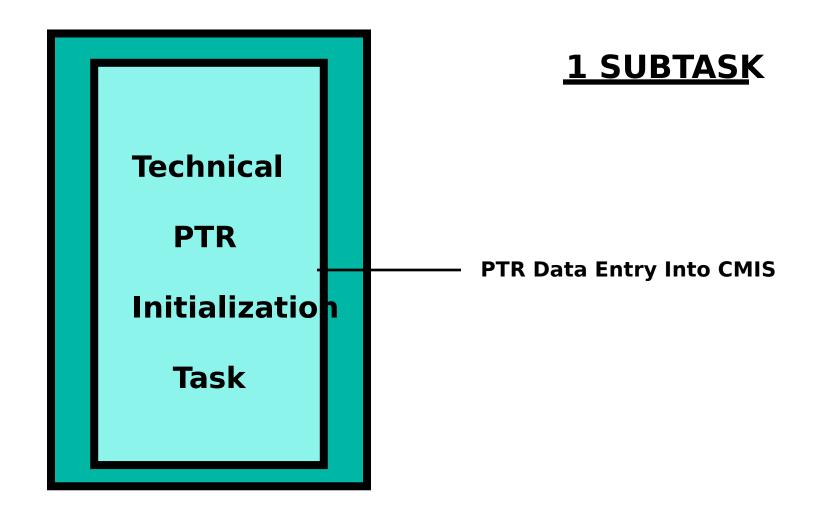
Purpose:

Once a problem has been identified, create a Problem Trouble Report (PTR) using CMIS. Output (s):

PTR

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise



Technical PTR Initialization Task

PTR Documentation
Subtask (1 of 1)
Create a record for disposition and tracking.

Reference (s) or Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap.9

Input (s):

PTR

SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION

1.2.4

Technical PTR Symptom

Documentation Task

Purpose:

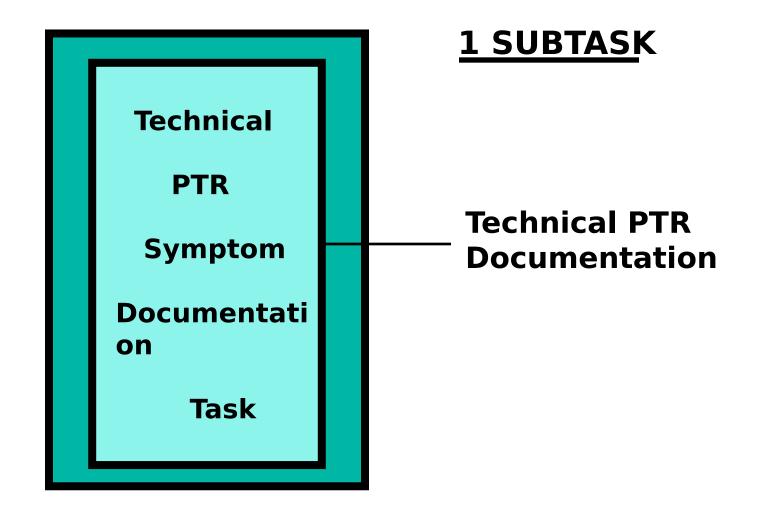
Define the symptoms associated with the PTR.

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise

Output (s):

UPDATED PTR



Technical PTR Symptom Documentation Task

Technical PTR Documentation Subtask (1 of 1)

- Document Problem
 - Before Actions
 - During Actions
 - After Actions
- Examine Existing SCR for Identical Problems

Reference (s) or Standard

(S): Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap.9

Input (s):

Categorized Change/Problem Requirement

PTR

1.2.8 Technical PTR Disposition Task

Purpose:

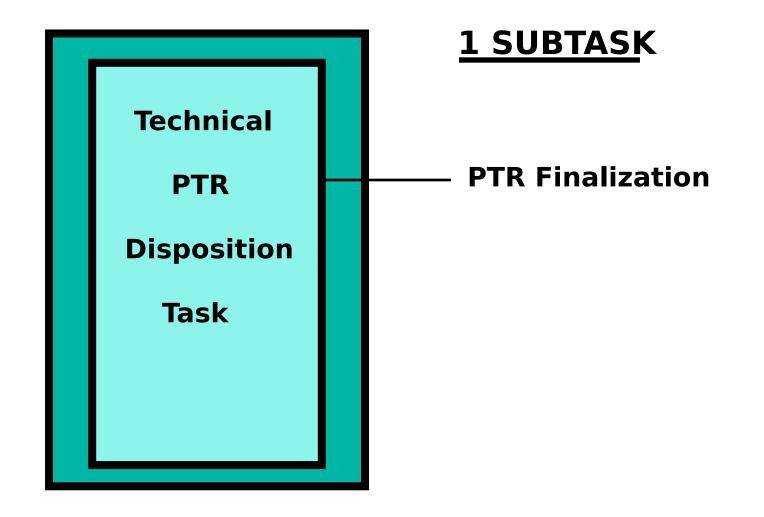
Complete the Problem Trouble Report (PTR) by resolving and closing the PTR or by converting the PTR to a System Change Request (SCR).

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise Output (s):

Closed PTR

PTR - Generated SCR



Technical PTR Disposition Task

PTR Finalization Subtask (1 of 1)

- Finalize PTR by resolving or closing the PTR -or-
- Convert the PTR to an SCR.
- Notify the problem originator and other appropriate personnel of the problem resolution.

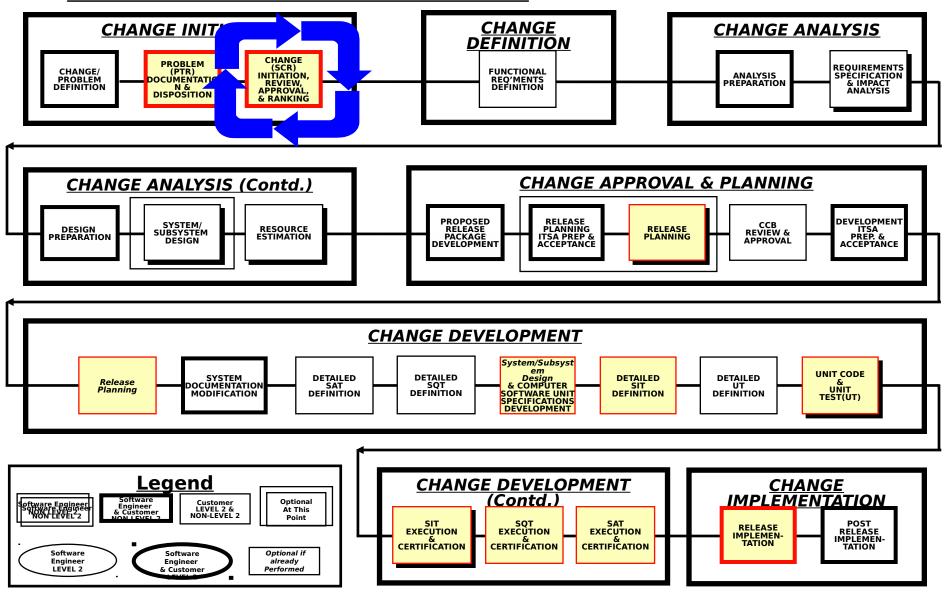
Review

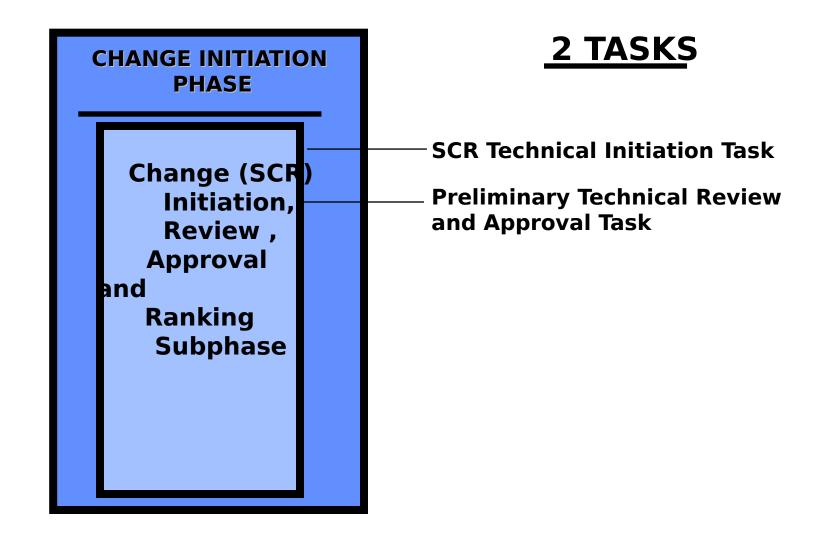


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SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap.9

Input (s):

Categorized Change/Problem Requirement

PTR-Generated SCR

1.3.2

SCR Technical Initiation Task

Purpose:

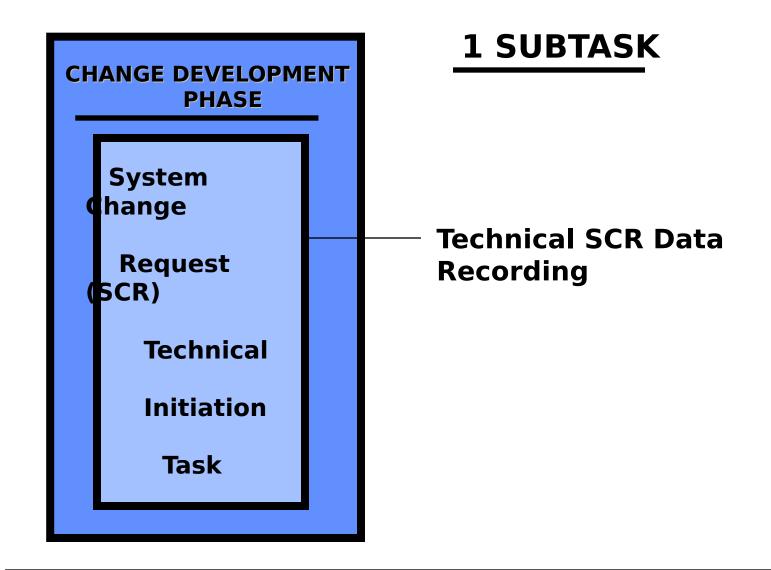
Initiate the requirements for a System Change Request (SCR) including the date, reporting organization, title, SCR category, point of contact, and completion priority. The SCR description and

equester benefits are briefly defined

Skill(s
):
Computer Expertise

Output (s):

Initialized SCF



System Change Request (SCR) Technical Initiation Task

Technical SCR Data Recording

Subtask (1 of 1)

RECORD THE FOLLOWING DATA:

Date Title

Category POC

Requesting organization

SCR Requirement

Requester benefits

information

Reference (s) or Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Reviewed SCR

1.3.4

Preliminary Technical Review and Approval Task

Purpose:

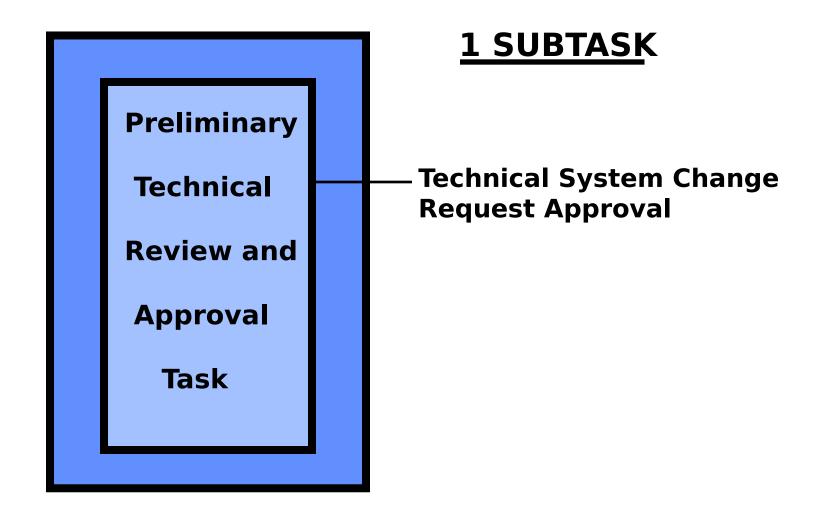
Every System Change Request must go through a preliminary review process.

Output (s):

Cancelled SCR

Pre-approved SCR

Skill(s
):
Computer Expertise



Preliminary Technical Review and Approval Task

Technical SCR Approval Subtask (1 of 1)

TCC/FCC/CCB:

- Approves the SCR for further work.
- Disapproves the SCR for further action or cancels the SCR.
- Notifies the originator and other appropriate parties of the resolution.

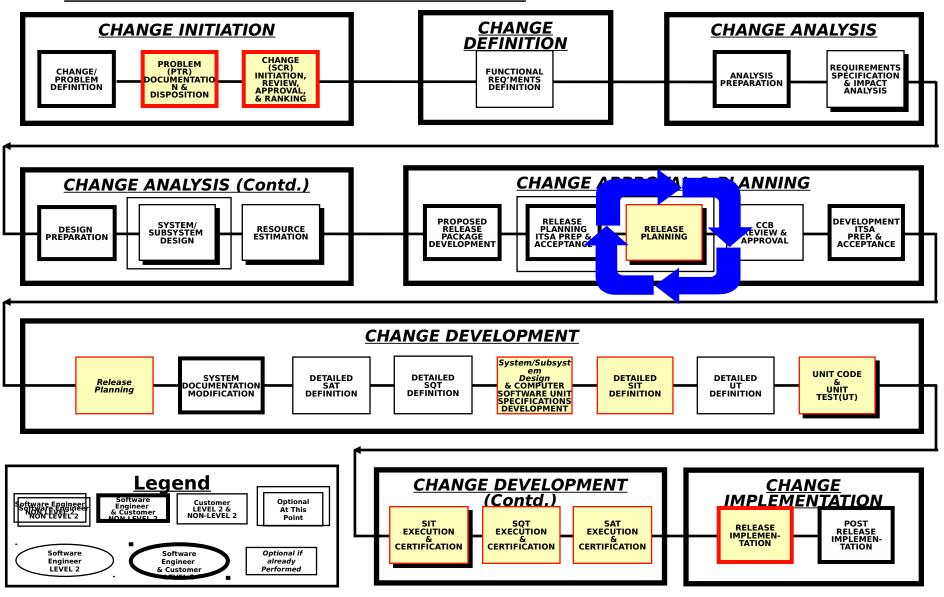
Review



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SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

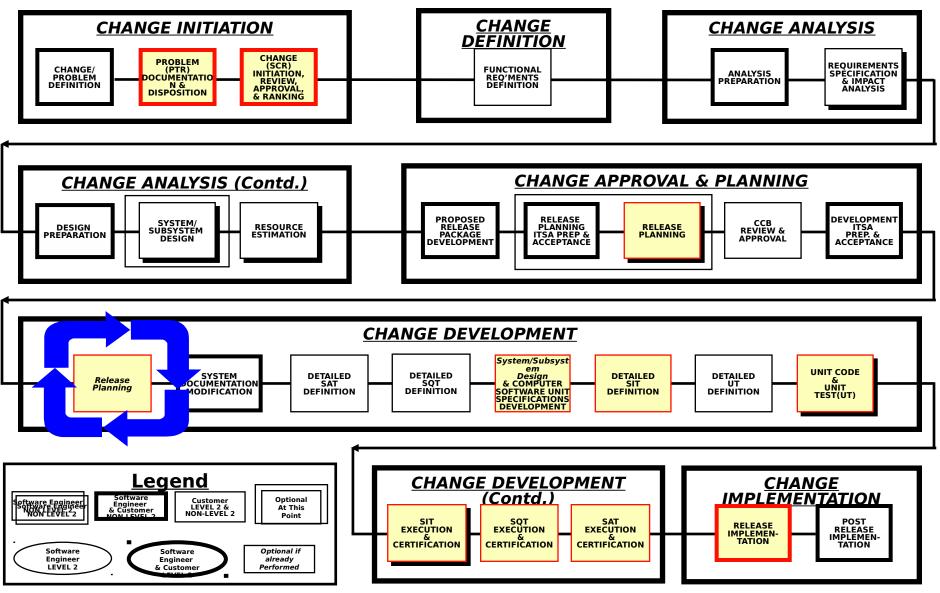
SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES

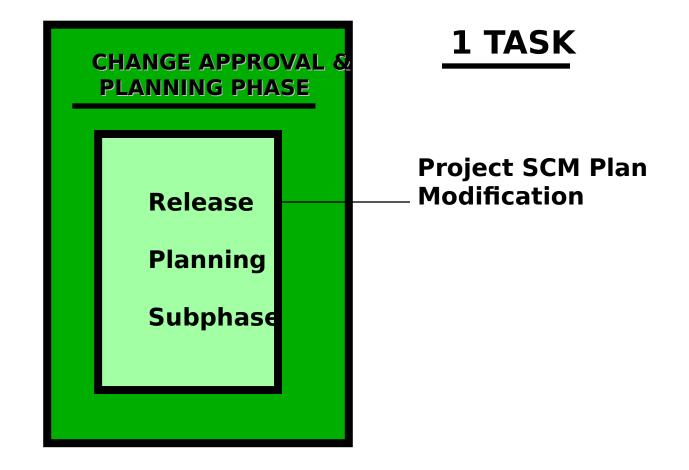


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SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard

(S): Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Proposed Approved Release Plan

SCM Plan

4.3.3 Project SCM Plan Modification Task

PURPOSE:

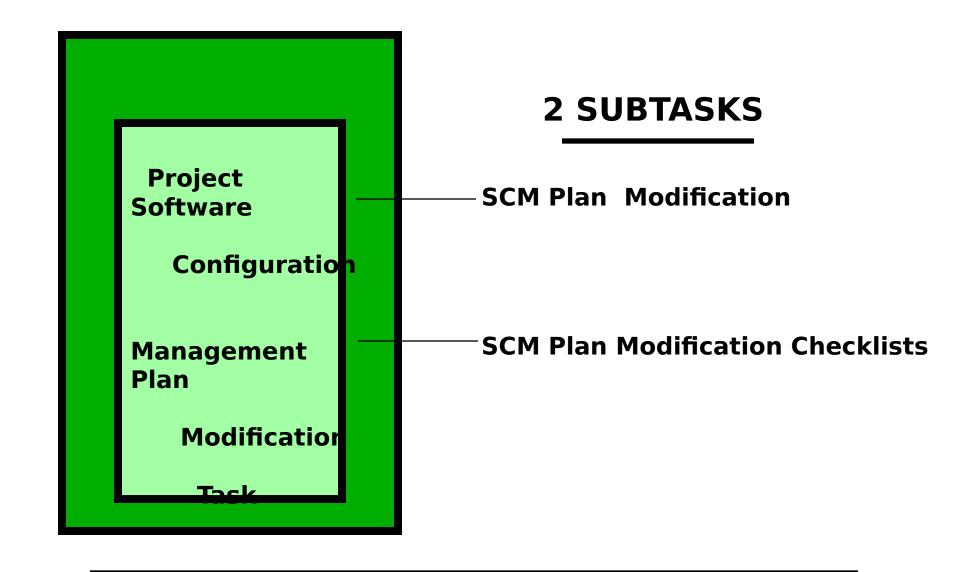
Review and update, if necessary, the Software Configuration Management Plan (SCMP).

Output (s):

Revised SCM Plan

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise Functional Expertise



SCM Plan Modification Subtask (1 of 2)

Modifications to the SCMP include the sections:

- Introduction

- Management

- Activities

- Supplier control
- Tools, techniques and methodologies
- Records collection

- Certification

SCM Plan Modification Subtask (1 of 2) (Continued)

- Procedures for the SCM Plan:
 - 1. Introduction includes:
 - Purpose

- Scope
 - Definitions

- Mnemonics References
- 2. Management
- Relates CM elements to project's management organization
- Specifies necessary budget requirements

SCM Plan Modification Subtask (1 of 2) (Continued)

- Procedures for the SCM Plan:
 - 3. Activities:
 - Updates CM Responsibilities
 - Describes who/how to carry out responsibilities
 - 4. Tools/Techniques/Methodologies
 - Describes Library
 - Identifies Library control of CI
 - Capture
- Store

- Promote
- Release

Project Software Configuration Management (SCM) Plan Modification Task SCM Plan Modification Subtask (1 of 2) (Continued)

- Procedures for the SCM Plan:
 - 5. Supplier Control:

Applies SCM where you have no direct control

- Computer projects
 Subcontractors
- Vendors -
- 6. Records Changes to:
 - Location of Data Retention of Data
 - Risk Assessment Security

SCM Plan Modification Subtask (1 of 2) (Continued)

- Procedures for the SCM Plan:
 - 7. Certification:
 - Evaluated by software engineering managers for accuracy and completeness.
 - Evaluated by staff SCM personnel for compliance with procedures outlined in the FSO scenario processes.

SCM Plan Modification Checklists Subtask (2 of 2)

- A guide for reviewing/preparing modifications to the SCMP.
 - Configuration Identification Checklist
 - Configuration Control Checklist
 - Status Accounting Checklist
 - Audit Checklist
 - General Checklist
 - Program Phasing Checklist
 - Service Provider Checklist

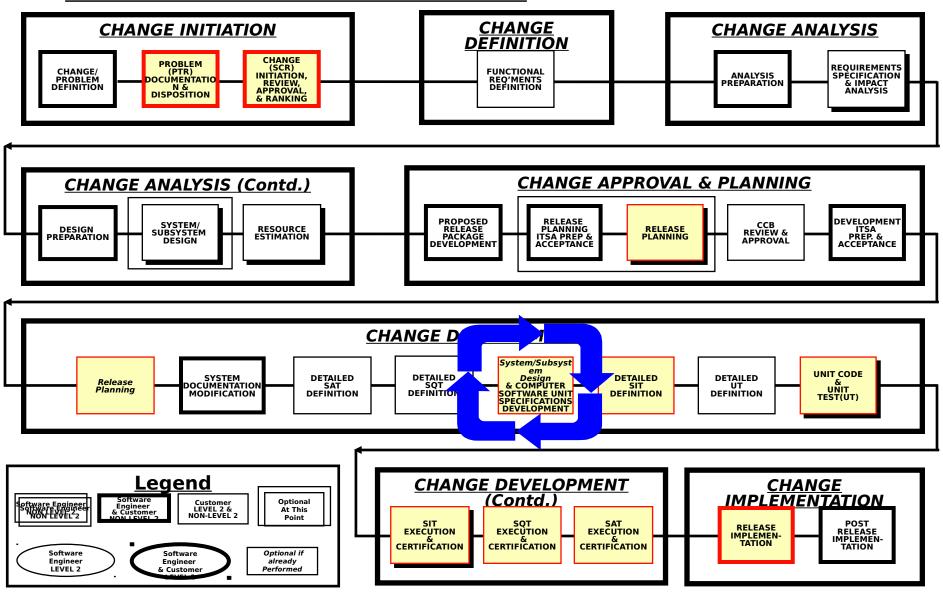
Review



03/12/97

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES



1 TASK CHANGE DEVELOPMENT **PHASE** System/Subsyst **Release Implementation** em **Plan Development Design & CSU Specifications Development** Suhnhasa

Reference (s) or Standard

(S) Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Software Implementation Plan (SIP) 5.5. Release Implementation6 Plan Development Task

PURPOSE:

- Modify existing Software Implementation Plan (SIP) OR create an implementation plan.
- Release Implementation Plan is developed only when the considerations of the release require special guidance.

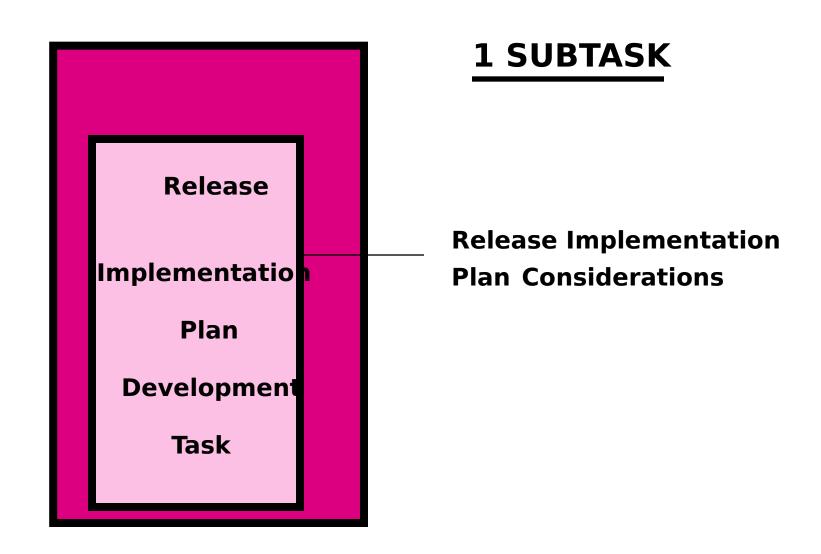
Output (s):

Modified Software Implementation Plan (SIP)

Plan Release Implementation Plan

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise



Release Implementation Plan Development Task Release Implementation Plan Considerations Subtask (1 of 1)

Procedures 1-7:

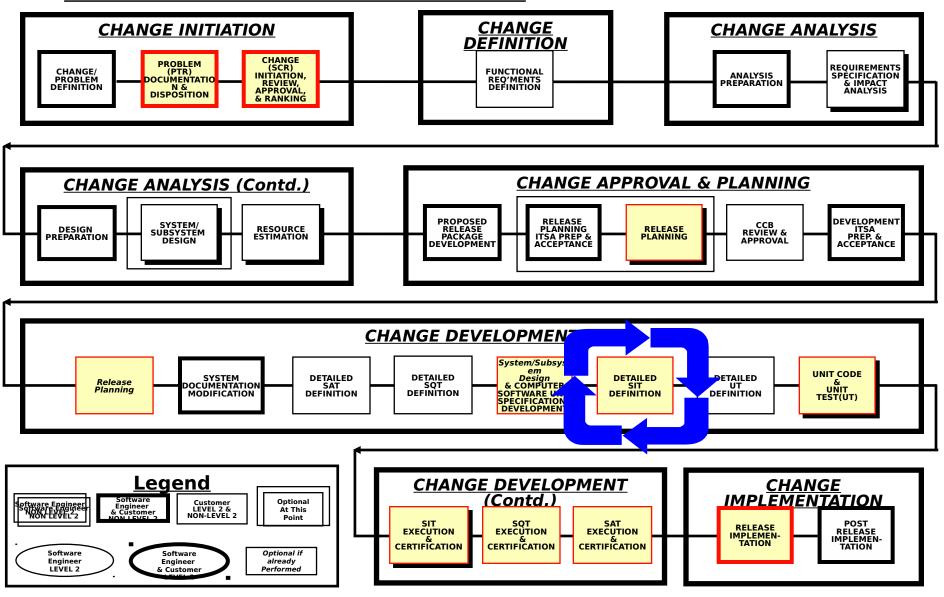
- Review these areas and include instructions/actions, as needed, in the Release Implementation Plan.
 - Technical/Functional Training Considerations
 - Software Library Considerations
 - Hardware Upgrade Considerations
 - Database Conversion Considerations
 - Release Documentation Considerations
 - Release User Procedural Change Considerations
 - Release Operations Procedural Change Considerations

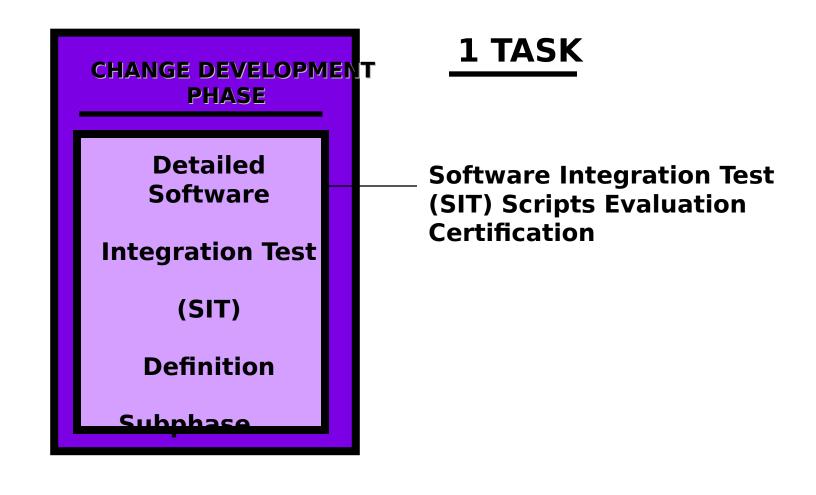
Review



SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard (s): DFAS 5002.1 G

Input (s):

Software Development Plan (SDP)

Test Scripts

5.6.
4 Software Integration
Test (SIT) Scripts
Evaluation Certification

PURPOSE:

 Evaluate and approve, in accordance with the SDP, the SIT scripts.

Output (s):

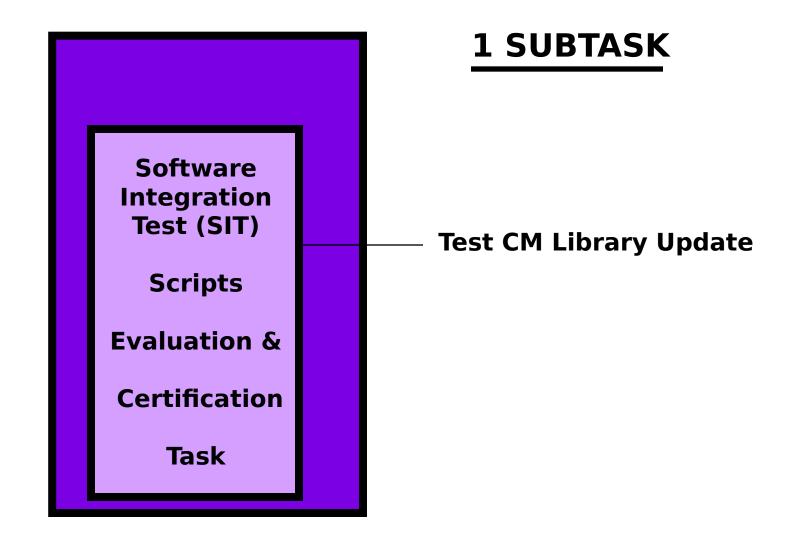
Test Scripts

Test Scripts
Certification

Test CM Library Update

Skill(s):

Project Management Release Management Testing



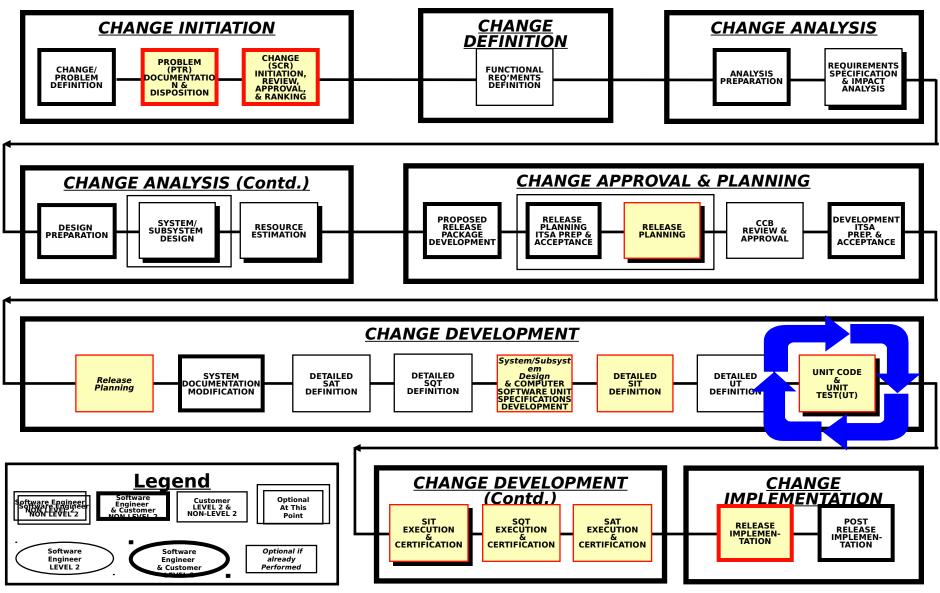
Software Integration Test (SIT) Scripts Evaluation & Certification Task

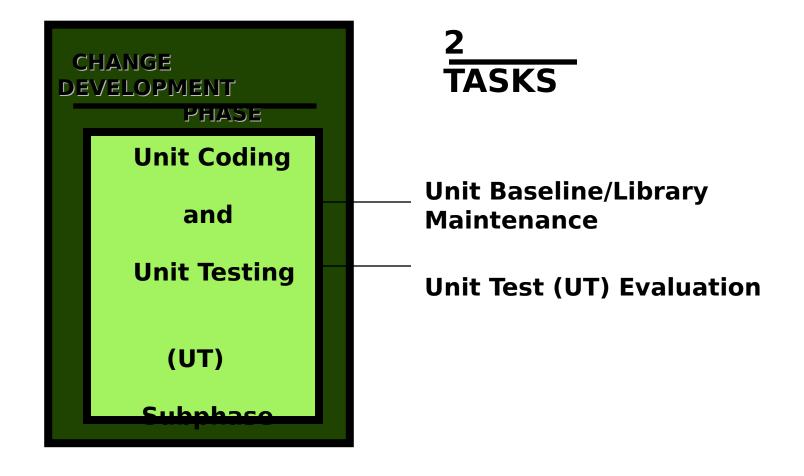
Test CM Library Update Subtask (1 of 1)

Procedure: Migration Notice - Move CIs to Appropriate test library

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 **ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1 -R, Chap. 9**

Input (s):

Production Baselin SCR Design **Specifications**

5.8. **Unit Baseline/Library Maintenance Task**

PURPOSE:

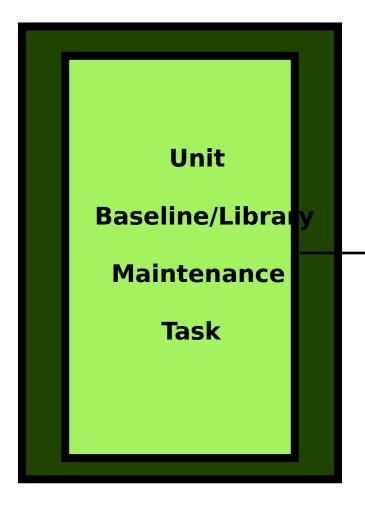
- •Establish a development environment consisting of thoughit Testing CI s identified as CSUs necessary to accomplish modification tasks.
- •CSUs are migrated from production or SIT environments to ensure correct CSU version will be modified.
- Release Management (RM) staff monitors and supports the process.

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise

Output (s):

Baseline



1 SUBTASK

UT Computer Software Unit (CSU) Checkout

Unit Baseline/Library Maintenance Task

UT Computer Software Unit (CSU) Check Out Subtask (1 of 1)

Procedures:

 Development/Maintenance staff migrates CSU CIs under Release Management control from Production or SIT environment to Development or Maintenance.

Notes:

- CMIS produces a start notification message to appropriate staff.
- If CMIS is not available, the notification task must be performed manually.
- All CSUs are CIs, but not all CIs are CSUs.

Reference (s) or Standard

(S)Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9 DFAS 5002.1-G

Input (s):

Test Results

5.8. Unit Test (UT) Evaluation

8 Task

PURPOSE:

Produce a Test Results Certification to certify the Computer Software Unit (CSU) has completed unit testing and is ready for Software Integration Test (SIT).

Output (s):

CI Delivery Notice

Test Results
Certification

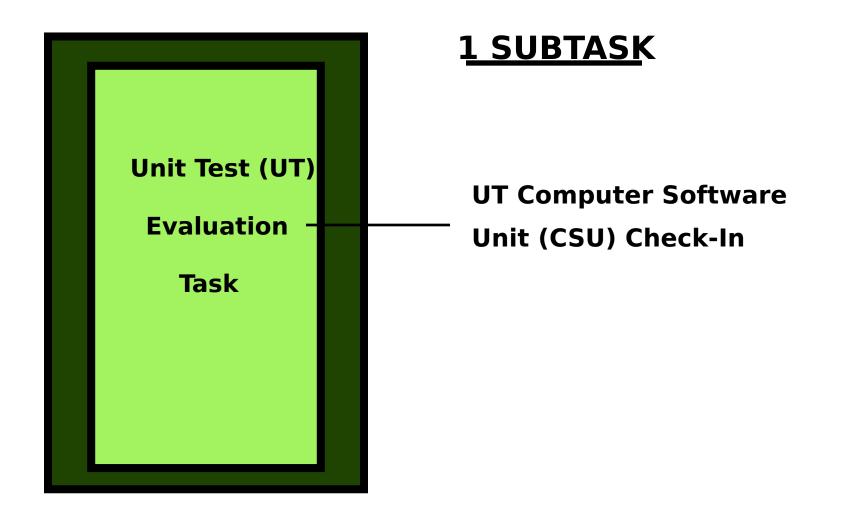
Skill(s):

Applications Systems Programming
Computer Specialist skilled in Library Mgt for a
Particular OS
Computer Specialist skilled in Release Control for a

Particular OS

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Unit Test (UT) Evaluation Task



Unit Test (UT) Evaluation Task

UT Computer Software Unit (CSU) Check-In Subtask (1 of 1)

Procedures:

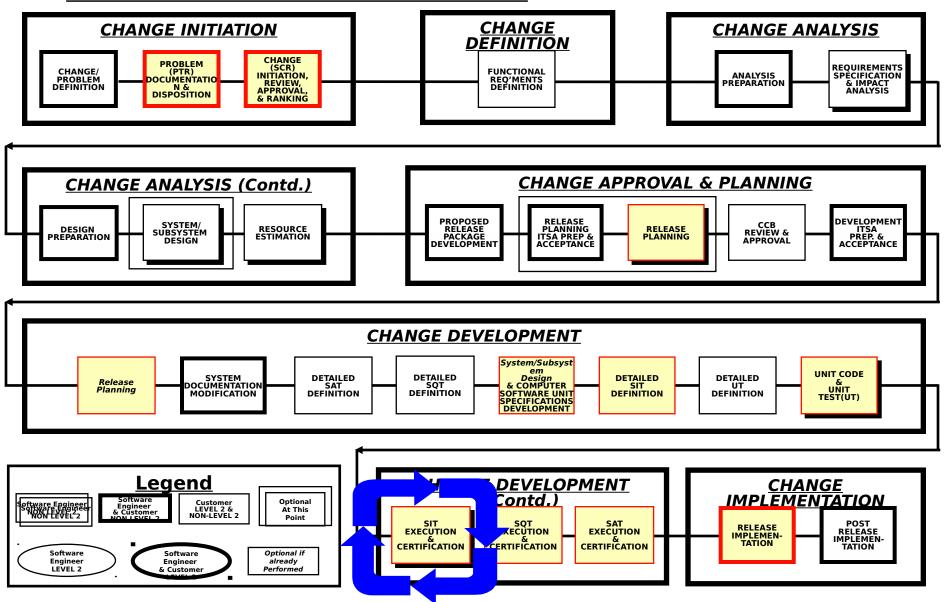
 RM staff migrates CSU CIs from UT environment to SIT environment.

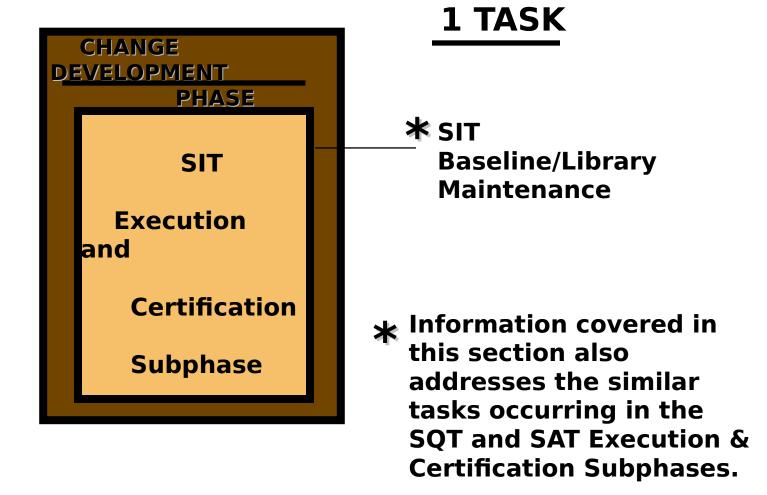
Notes:

- CMIS produces notification to the RM staff.
- If CMIS is not available, the notification must be done manually.

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

CI Delivery Notice

Test Discrepancy Report (TDR)

Migrating Configuration Item

Software Development Plan

5.9. SIT Baseline/Library
Maintenance Task
PURPOSE:

- Coordinate the Software Integration Test A
 (SIT) environment including libraries R
 and the migration of CIs between
 libraries.
- Begin building the SQT environment
 by the Release Management staff
 using the certification as authorization.

Output (s):

Acceptance or Rejection notice

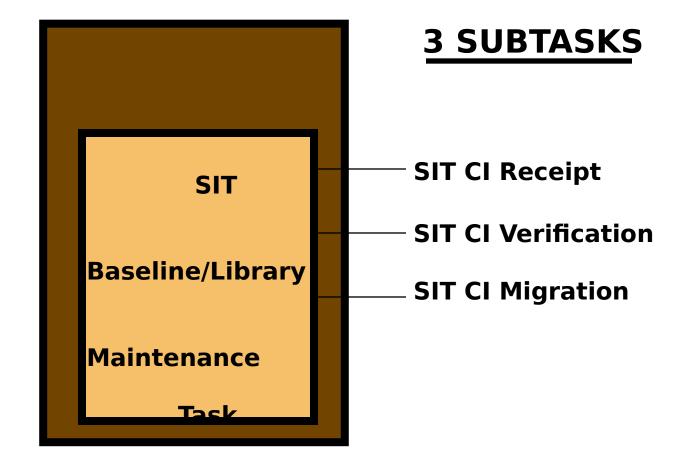
SIT Baseline

Skill(s):

Computer Specialist skilled in Release Control for a particular OS

Computer Specialist skilled in Library Management for a

particular OS



Software Integration Test (SIT) Baseline/Library Maintenance Task SIT CI Receipt Subtask (1 of 3)

 RM staff receives a notice to migrate CIs to the SIT environment.

Procedures:

- SIT Release Management Notice Receipt
- SIT Delivery Notice Receipt through CMIS
- SIT Library Verification
- SIT Rejection Notice

Software Integration Test (SIT) Baseline/Library Maintenance Task

SIT CI Verification Subtask (2 of 3)

 RM staff verifies the CIs prior to test environment migration.

Procedure:

- SIT Release Management Version Verification
 - Allows for alternative configuration
 - Uses Check-in and Check-out processes

Software Integration Test (SIT) Baseline/Library Maintenance Task SIT CI Migration Subtask (3 of 3)

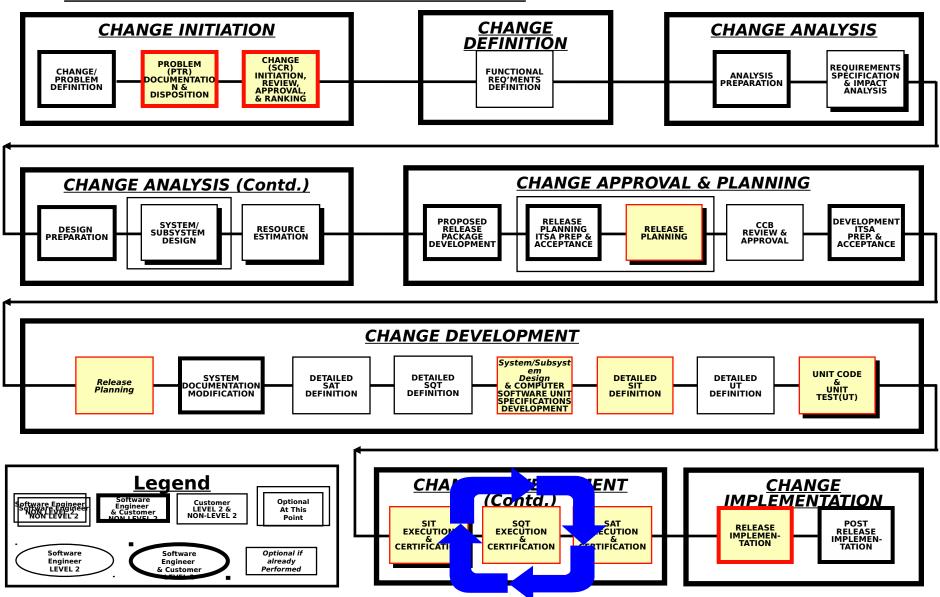
 RM staff controls migration of CIs to test environment

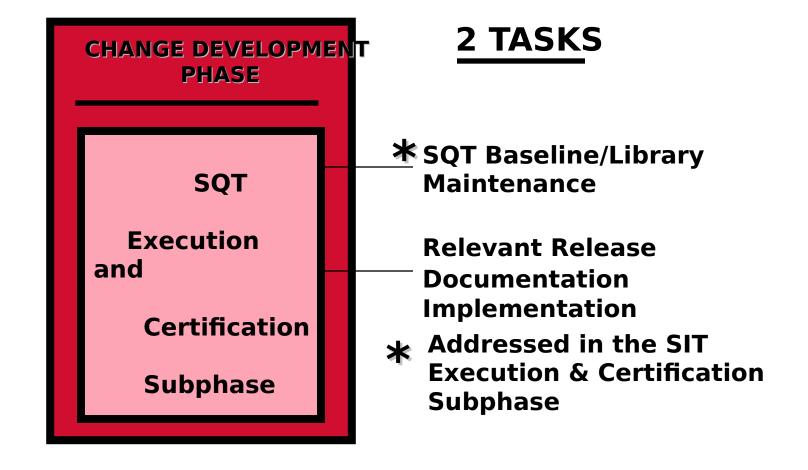
Procedure:

- SIT Release Control Library Management
 - Migrate Cls between libraries
 - Updates release baseline
 - Make CIs available for testing
 - Ensure updates test environment

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Reference (s) or Standard

(S)Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Release Implementation Plan

Software Development

Plan

5.10. Relevant Release3 DocumentationImplementationTask

PURPOSE:

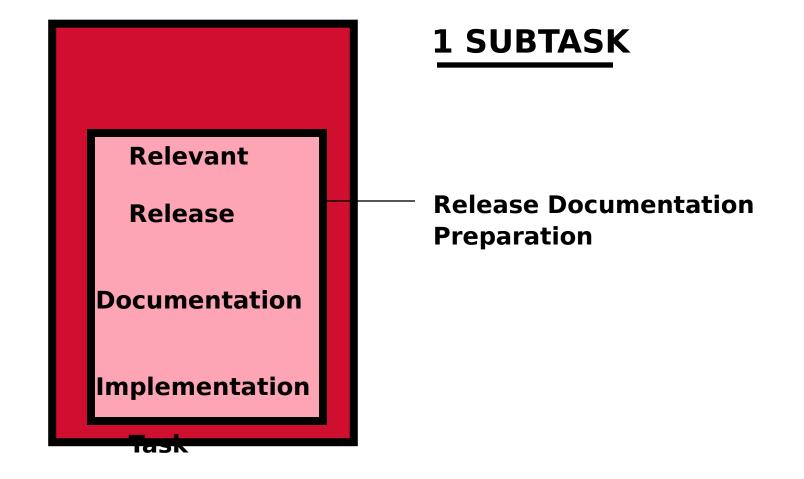
- Assemble and distribute the documentation for a software release.
- Documentation includes guidance to install the change package.
- Implementation Guidance must be fully tested

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise

Output (s):

Implementatio
n
Guidance
Output
Procedures



Relevant Release Documentation Implementation Task Release Documentation Preparation Subtask (1 of 1)

CM reviews SDP and RIP for documentation requirements

Procedures:

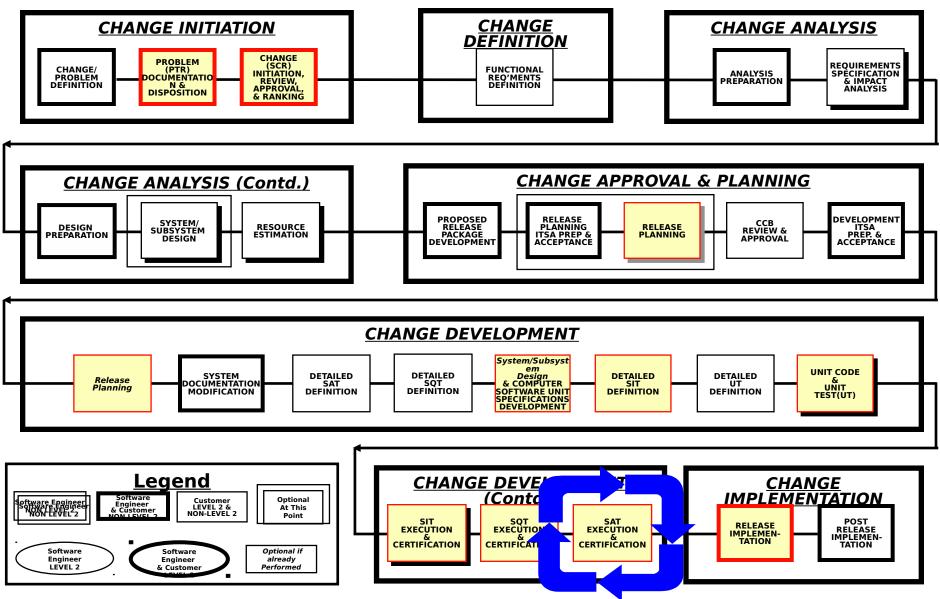
- Software Development Plan Review
- Release Implementation Plan Review
- Documentation Release Identification
- Documentation Release Assembly
- Release Implementation Guidance Creation
- Release Implementation Guidance and Documentation
 Shipment

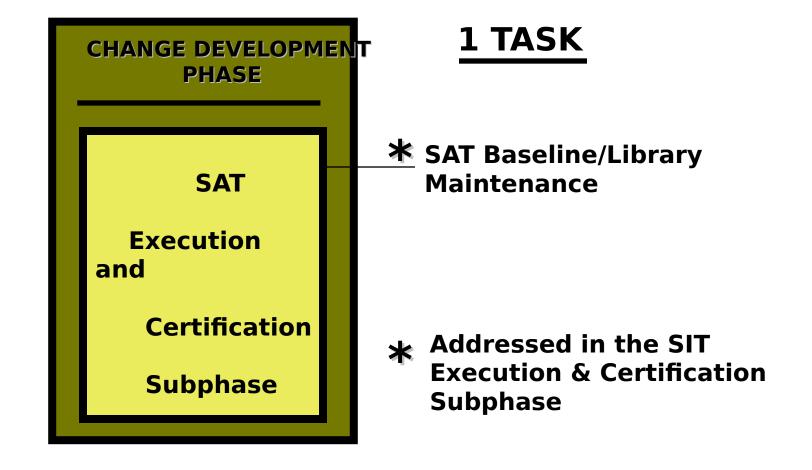
Review



SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Release Certification Process

SCR s S Releas e

Produc

Certificatio

nReport

Complet e

Release Certificati onProcess

THE REPORT CONTAINS:

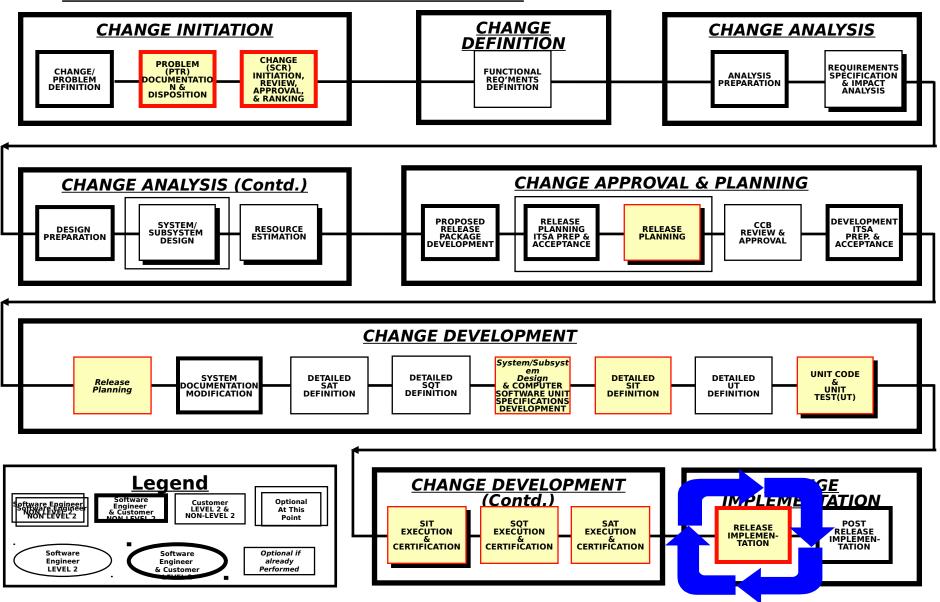
- Release Description
- Complete SCR/Amendments List
- Complete Configuration Item List
- Configuration Item Statistical Report
- Authorization Signature Page

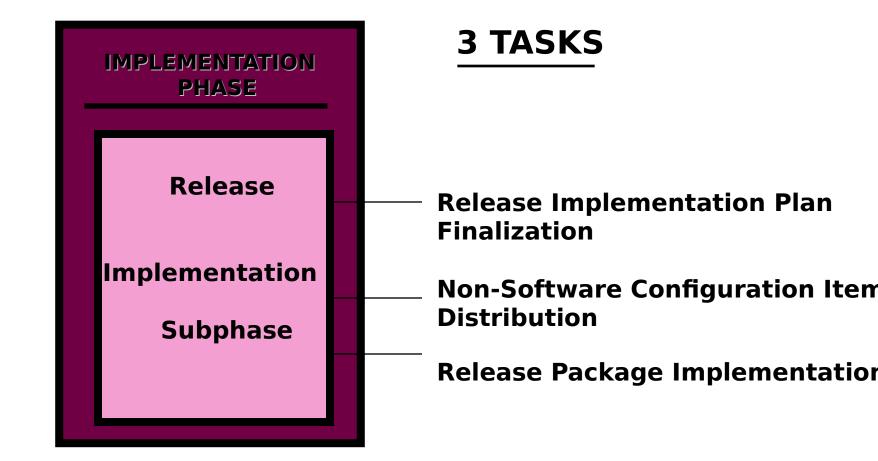
THE CM WILL:

- Change SCR Status Codes
- Generate Certification Approval Record(s)

SOFTWARE PROCESS ARCHITECTURE

SYSTEM MODIFICATION SCENARIO - PHASES & SUBPHASES





Standard (s):

Mil Std 973 17 APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 DFAS 8000.1-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Implementation
Guidance Output
Procedures

Release Implementation Plan

Software Development

Software Implementation Plan 6.1. Release Implementation
2 Plan Finalization Task

PURPOSE:

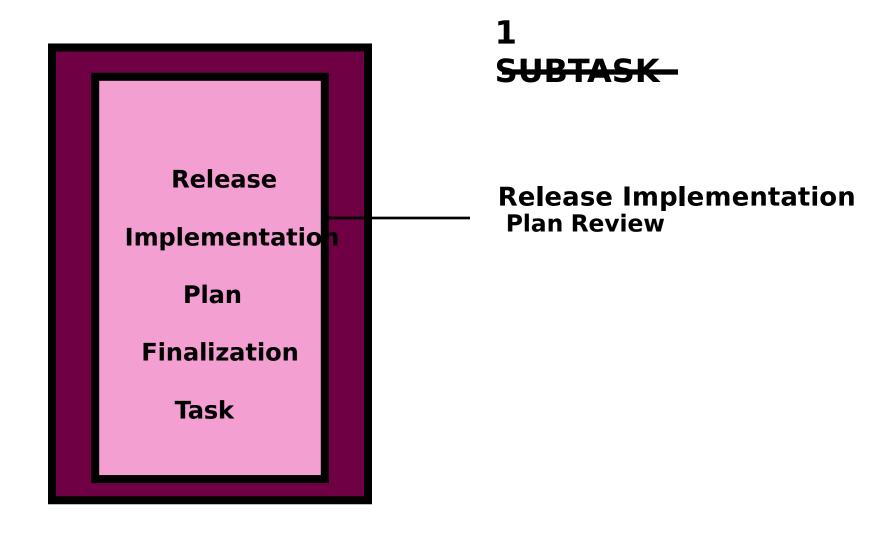
- Finalize each task required for installation.
- Identify the organization responsible for accomplishing each task.

Output (s):

Approved Release Implementation Plan

Skill(s):

Computer Expertise



Release Implementation Plan Finalization Task Release Implementation Plan Review Subtask (1 of 1)

 CM reviews RIP, finalizes implementation tasks and schedules, obtains release authorization, and documents final approval.

Procedures:

- Implementation Plan Review
- Implementation Tasks Finalized
- Implementation Schedule Finalized
- System Implementation Authorized
- Authorizing Personnel Confirmation
- Authorization
- Pre-Implementation Message Developed
- Release Verification and Approval

Standard (s):

TBD

Input (s):

TBD

6.1. Non-Software

6 Configuration
Distribution Task

PURPOSE:

- Distribute the release notification letter and the functional/technical guidance necessary for advance information or planning related to a release
- This task to be further defined at a later time

Output (s):

TBD

Skill(s):

TBD

Reference (s) or Standard

(S): Mil Std 973, APR 92 ANSI/IEEE Guide STD 1042-1987 CMIS Procedure Guide DFAS 7920.3-R, Chap. 9

Input (s):

Implementation Guidance Procedures

Software Development Plan

6.1. Release Package

7 Implementation Task Base ine

PURPOSE:

Transmit the Release Package for implementation.

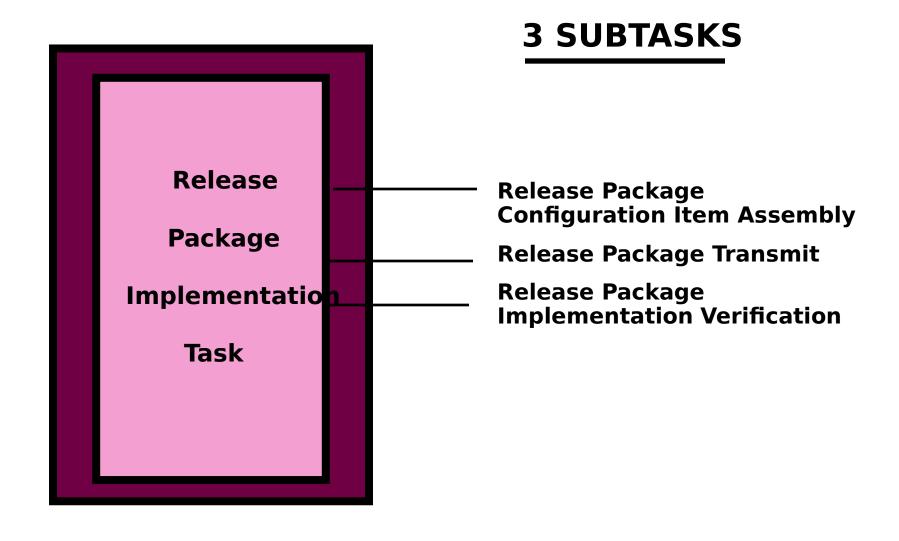
Output (s):

Production

Software Implementation Plan

<u>Skill(s)</u>:

Computer Specialist skilled in Library Mgt for a Particular OS Computer Specialist skilled in Release Control for a Particular OS



Release Package Implementation Task

Release Package Configuration Item Assembly Subtask (1 of 3)

- RM ensures release package content after SQT and SAT certifications.
- Cls migrate to production environment.

Procedures:

- Assemble Release Configuration Items
- Verify Release Configuration Items
- Build Configuration Items into Release Package

Release Package Implementation Task

Release Package Transmit Subtask (2 of 3)

Transmit Release to the DMC

Procedures:

- Release Mainframes/Mini-processors
- Release Microprocessors/Local Area Network (LAN)
- Release PC

Release Package Implementation Task

Release Package Implementation Verification Subtask (3 of 3)

 RM includes verification and approvals in the Release Package and indicates final approval.

Procedure:

Verification of a successful release

Review

